Date:30-09-2022

Notification: 521/2022

Student Name: Puja Pratihasta

Supervisor name: Dr Dori Lal

Name of Department: Department of Teacher Training and Non-Formal Education (IASE)

Name of Topic: A Study of Pedagogical Context of Mathematisation at Secondary level

FINDINGS OF THE RESEARCH

Based on the analysis done so far in the previous chapter, some major findings were listed out.

The determiners that ignite, create, proceed, fascilitate the act of mathematisation while a student makes a mathematical model to solve his/her real problems. The ten dimensions identified are as follows:

- 1. Classroom itself a Laboratory
- 2. Context learning
- 3. Teacher's own Mathematisation
- 4. Making Mathematics
- 5. Behavioral Mathematisation
- 6. Peer Impact
- 7. Think Time
- 8. Coached Discoveries
- 9. Learning Trajectories and 10. Mathematical building blocks

The roles of the identified dimensions of the pedagogic practices of mathematisation in secondary classroom are as follows:

DIMENSION	ROLE OF DIMENSION
Classroom itself a Laboratory	An environment of experiments, place for behavioural experiments, provides automatically Hands-on-experiments
Context learning	Tendency to relate the reality with learnt concepts; Meaning of 'Reality' constructed in student's mind; no need of existence of 'real' world problem